



Second Circular

MARCO/GRA Joint Workshop on Paddy Field Management and Greenhouse Gases

September 1-3, 2010 Tsukuba, Japan

September 1, Wednesday

Scientific symposium for oral presentations of research
 Venue: Epochal Tsukuba (Tsukuba International Congress Hall), Room 200

September 2, Thursday

Meeting of GRA paddy field management research group
 Venue: Epochal Tsukuba (Tsukuba International Congress Hall), Room 404

September 3, Friday

One day Excursion

Jointly organized by:

National Institute for Agro-Environmental Sciences (NIAES) and

Global Research Alliance on Agricultural Greenhouse Gases (GRA)

Rationale:

Paddy fields are recognized as an important source of atmospheric greenhouse gases (GHGs) mainly through the emissions of methane (CH₄) which is specific to flooded ecosystems. Globally, over the last 70 years there has been a rapid increase in the harvest area of rice to meet increasing demand for rice which has resulted in increased emissions of CH₄. In addition, it is suggested that by introducing high-yielding varieties, together with new cultivation technologies, it has brought about an additional increase in CH₄ emissions because of accelerating carbon turnover in the rice-soil system, caused by adding more organic matter to the soil in the form of crop residues. The rate of global CH₄ emissions from rice fields is also expected to increase further in the next decade in order to meet expected consumption rates.

Reducing CH_4 emissions from paddy fields is very important to stabilize atmospheric concentration of the greenhouse gas, which can contribute significantly to mitigate global warming. Because of the possibility of controlling the emissions by agronomic practices, paddy field management must be one of the most likely means of mitigating CH_4 emissions. Actually, it is demonstrated that a number of traditional or improved management practices can mitigate CH_4 emissions, providing a "win-win" outcome rather than a conflict between different economic, environmental and social goals. Those studies also suggested that some mitigation options for CH_4 may promote an increase in the emissions of nitrous oxide (N_2O) or a curb of soil carbon sequestration. Therefore, it is necessary to consider those trade-offs with the fluxes of other GHGs.

Over the last three decades, scientific knowledge for paddy field management and GHG emissions has been accumulated from a series of process studies, field monitoring, and modeling approaches. Major promising options to mitigate GHG emissions from paddy fields, such as improved management of water and rice straw, are proposed. However, there is still a need to improve knowledge sharing of the mitigation options among researchers and policy makers in different regions of the world. Because the systems of rice cultivation are widely diverse depending on climate, social and economical conditions, the options often need to be developed in accordance with those regional conditions. Also, implementation strategies to extend the options successfully to local farmers and communities are needed.

This workshop will provide an opportunity to bring researchers and policy makers from different countries together to exchange the latest information on paddy field management and GHG emissions. The workshop will be jointly supported by the Monsoon Asia Agro-Environmental Research Consortium (MARCO) and the Global Research Alliance on Agricultural Greenhouse Gases (GRA).

Objectives:

This workshop will address:

- (1) Overview of the issues related to paddy field management and GHG emissions in monsoon Asian countries and the world,
- (2) Monitoring and measurements of GHG emissions from paddy fields,
- (3) Mitigation options for GHG emissions from paddy fields,
- (4) Compilation and analysis of databases for GHG emissions from paddy fields, and
- (5) Modeling GHG emissions from paddy fields.

This workshop aims;

- (1) To summarize the stock-take of research activities in each country,
- (2) To identify gaps in knowledge at each country, and
- (3) To discuss future research needs and possible forms of cooperation.

Official Language:

The official language of the Workshop will be English. However, voluntary services of simultaneous translation for any monsoon Asian languages are welcome, in particular during the discussion sessions.

Workshop fees:

We do not charge any fees for registration nor workshop materials. However, we will ask following charges those who participate in the Workshop Reception and the Excursion Tour:

Workshop Reception, on September 1, Wednesday

- 5,000 Yen per person

One Day Excursion, on September 3, Friday

- 2,000 Yen per person (for the cost of lunch)

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MARCO/GRA Joint Workshop on Paddy Field Management and Greenhouse Gases

1-3 September 2010, Tsukuba, Japan

PROGRAM

As of 4 August 2010

Wednesday, September 1

at Epochal Tsukuba, Room 200

Scientific Symposium for Oral Presentations of Research

09:00 Participant Registration

Opening Session

09:30 Opening address

Yohei Sato

President, National Institute for Agro-Environmental Sciences

Chair: TBD

Welcome address

TBD

International Research Division, Secretariat of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Research Council

Chair: TBD

09:50 Outline of the Workshop

Kazuyuki Yagi

National Institute for Agro-Environmental Sciences

Keynote Lectures

10:00 The Global Research Alliance: Enhancing agricultural greenhouse gas mitigation research across the world

Meredith Stokdijk

Secretariat of the GRA,

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, New Zealand

10:30 Climate change research activities at the International Rice Research Institute

Reiner Wassmann

International Rice Research Institute, the Philippines

11:00 Possible options to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions from paddy fields

Kazuyuki Inubushi

Chiba University, Japan

Reports from Rice Producing Countries Chair: TBD		
11:30	Integrated greenhouse gas emissions from paddy fields in China <u>Xiaoyuan Yan</u> Institute of Soil Science, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China	
11:50	Greenhouse gas emissions from Indian paddy fields <u>Chhemendra Sharma</u> National Physical Laboratory, India	
12:10	Group Photo and Lunch	
	Chairs: TBD	
13:30	Greenhouse gas emission from rice field under different crop management practices Prihasto Setyanto, Helena Lina Susilawati, Rina Kartikawati, Miranti Ariani, and Titi Sopiawati Indonesian Center for Agricultural Land Resources Research and Development, Indonesia	
13:50	Primary results of study on gas emission in paddy rice in Vietnam <u>Hong Son Nguyen</u> <i>Institute for Agriculture Environment, Vietnam</i>	
14:10	Greenhouse gas emission, mitigation and soil carbon sequestration potential for Thailand paddy fields <u>Amnat Chidthaisong</u> <i>Joint Graduate School of Energy and Environment, King Mongkut's University of Technology Thonburi, Thailand</i>	
14:30	Review of greenhouse gas researches and inventory in the Philippines <u>Eduardo Jimmy Pua Quilang</u> Philippine Rice Research Institute, the Philippines	
14:50	Rice production practices in Malaysia in relation to GHG emissions Shuhaimen Bin Ismail Malaysian Agriculture Research and Development Institute, Malaysia	
15:10	Coffee Break	

Chair: TBD

18:00	Workshop Reception	at Epochal Tsukuba, Restaurant ESPOIR
16:50	Closing remark	
16:30	Tier 3 estimation of CH ₄ em <u>Tamon Fumoto</u> National Institute for	issions from rice fields Agro-Environmental Sciences, Japan
16:10	Shigeto Sudo	n rice paddy fields by altering water management Agro-Environmental Sciences, Japan
15:50	water-saving irrigation mana <u>Yasukazu Hosen</u>	emissions from a paddy field with AWD agement Research Center for Agricultural Sciences, Japan
15:30	Methane and nitrous oxide e <u>Pilar Irisarri</u> <i>University of the Rep</i>	missions from eastern Uruguayan rice fields ublic, Uruguay

Thursday, September 2

at Epochal Tsukuba, Room 404

Meeting of GRA Paddy Field Management Research Group

09:00-17:00 Chair: R. Suzuki & K. Yagi

- > Overview of results of stock-taking exercise (presentation of completed template)
- > Analysis of research group stock-take including further elaboration of research activities from each country if required
- > Discussing future activities of the research group

(detailed time schedule will be announced later)

Friday, September 3

One day Excursion

09:00	Leaving Hotel(s) at downtown Tsukuba
09:40	Rice-FACE experiment site at Tsukuba-mirai city
11:00	GHG flux monitoring paddy field at Tsukuba city
12:00	Lunch
14:00	National Institute for Agro-Environmental Sciences - Presentations of research topics - GHG monitoring facility - Natural Resources Inventory Museum
17:00	Return to Hotel(s) at downtown Tsukuba